# THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH Il be published every Monday, Wed-nesday and Friday, by

A G. HODGES & CO. At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance. Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the

# STATEMENT

### ST. LOUIS MUTUALLIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of May, 1864, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March 1858. March. 1858.

First. The name of this Company is the "ST LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COM-PANY," and is located in the city of St. Louis, county of St. Louis, State of Missouri. Second. The amount of capital stock

The amo nt of capital stock paid up

ASSETS. Third Cash on hand, principally on deposit in banks incorporated by the State of Missouri, located in the city of St. Louis, (part in the safe of the Company)..... Loans secured by deed of trust, first lien of record, on real estate in the city of St. Louis, worth double the

amount of loan, per schedule an-Short time loans in city of St. Louis, estate, part by personal security subject to call of Board of Di-ec-

Loans on policies in force, bearing six per cent. interest...... Premium and other notes, bearing six per cent. interest .....

Amounts due from agents and in course of transmission from them, 

Revenue stamps..... LIABILITIES.

1st. Due and not due to Banks, and 3d. " " due.......
4th. Losses unadjusted.....
5th. Losses in suspense, waiting

policies in force as follows, viz: 630 policies in force, insuring in

STATE OF MISSOURI, Samuel Willi, President, and William T. Selby, presente or maintain his said complaint Secretary of the St. Louis Matual Life Insurance Sec. 22. And be it further enacted, 1 Secretary of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. or actual Cash Capital, in cash on hand and invested as above stated; and that the portion there-of invested in real estate security, is upon unimof invested in real estate security, is upon unim-cumbered property in the city of St. Louis, worth double the amount of said loans, and that the First, capital stock, fixed by charter. Second, above described investments, nor any part there-of, are made for the benefit of any individual Thiro, Dividends made to stockholders on the

SAMUEL WILLI, President. WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for said city and county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 16th day of May, [L. S.] S. PERIT RAWLE.

STATE OF MISSOURI,

CITY AND COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. I, the undersigned, Recorder of Deeds, in and for the aforesaid county, do hereby certify that S. for the aforesaid county, do hereby certify that S. Perit Rawle, whose name is appended to the jurat of the foregoing deposition, was, at the date thereof, a Notary Public in and for the city and county of St. Louis, duly authorized to administer oaths for general purposes, and that I am well acquainted with the hand writing of said S. Perit Rawle, and verily believe the signature to said

Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said Albert G. Hodges, rate of twenty-five for the dollar. required by said not, the said Albert G. Hodges, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.
ED. KEENON, Assistant Auditor.

Risks taken and Policies issued prompt-Frankfort Ky., June 3, 1884-tw-329.

OFFICIAL

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-

eighth Congress.

[PUBLIC-No. 161.] AN ACT to facilitate trade on the Rod River of

the North. [Continued.]

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That there shall be an annual meeting of the stockholders, for choice of directors, to be holden at such time and place, under such condition, and upon such notice, as the said company in their by-laws may prescribe; and said directors shall annually make a report in writing of their doings to the stock-

holders.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That the said company shall have at all times the free and uninterrupt d use of the roadway. And if any person or persons shall wilfully and unnecessarily obstruct or impede the passage on or over said railway, or any part thereof, or shall injure or destroy the cars. railway, or any part thereof, or shall injure or destroy the cars, aepot stations, or any property belonging to said railway company, the person or persons so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of five collars, to be recovered and disposed of as other fines and penalties in said cities, and shall remain liable, in addition to said penalty, or any loss or damage occasioned by his, her, or their act, as aforesaid; but no suit shall be brought unless commenced within sixty days after such offence shall have been committed.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That unless said corporation shall make and complete their said railways between the Capitol and Seven teenth street west within four months after the company shall have been organized, and the rail-ways on the other routes herein described within one year after the company shall have been or-ganized, then this act shall be null and void, and no rights whatsoever shall be acquired under

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts heretofore passed which are inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are, for the purposes of this act, hereby repealed, so far as the same are inconsistent here-

with.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That each of the stockholders in the Metropolitan Railroad Company shall be individually liable for all the debts and liabilities of said company, to an amount equal to the amount of stock held by such stockholders.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That the

said Railroad Company shall keep in good repair and in clean condition the flagstones or cross walks leading to, upon, and over their tracks at the crossings of the several streets, which intersect their railroad, removing therefrom snow and ice, as well as mud, dirt, or other annoyance; and shall further, whenever necessary to render such crossings dry and convenient, raise or ele-vate the same sufficiently for that purpose, and shall adjust the adjoining pavement so as to make it convenient for carriages to pass said

crossings.

Sec 21. And be it further enacted, That for each and every violation of the foregoing provisions the said company shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than five dollars and not more than one hundred dollars, which may be recovered, with costs of suit, on complaint of any person aggrieved, in any court of competent jurisdiction in the District of Columbia. Such action may be prosecuted in the name of the city of Washington, and one-half of the penalties recovered shall be for the use of the city of Washington, and the other half for the use of the court of the cou covered shall be for the use of the city of Washington, and the other half for the use of the complainant: Provided, however, That any party action, file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, a bond to be approved by the clerk of the said court, with at least one surety, to be approved by said clerk, and in a penalty of one hundred dollars, conditioned the complainant shall be for the use of the use of the complainant. Provided, however, That any party complainant shall, before commencing such action, file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, a bond to be approved by the clerk of the said court, with at least one surety, to be approved by said clerk, and in a penalty of one hundred dollars, conditioned that the complainant shall well and ruly save harmess, and indemnifying the said city against the payment of all costs and charges which shall be recovered against said city by reason of the failure of the complainant to

DRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS the year terminating December thirty-one pre ceding such report, and such report shall be signed and sworn to by the president and treasurexercising authority in the management of said | capital stock of the company, and when made capital stock of the company, and when made.

The management of said capital stock of the company, and when made.

Fourth. Total capital stock at the termination of the previous year. Fifth. Funded debt of the officers of said St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance company, and in what way secured. Sixth. Floating debt of the company. Seventh. Total indebtedness of company exclusive of capital; cost of road. Eighth. Total cost of rails, chains, spikes, and other iron used in construction. Cost of paving stone, gravel, and other material used in construction not above enumerated. Eleventh. Cost of labor in the construction paid to officers and agents of the company, and discount or interest paid on loans. Thirteenth.

Amount expended in repairs of road. equipment. Fourteenth. Number and cost of cars. Fifteenth. Number of horses or mules survey, he shall approve the same, and transmit used in the service of the road, and cost. Sixteenth. Cost of harness and other appointments. Seventeenth. Cost of tools and fixtures, in-

[PUBLIC-NO. 163.]

Approved July 1, 1864.

said county of Washington are leved and collected, a sum sufficient to pay the county's proportion of the direct tax imposed on the District of Columbia by the actof Congress approved August after the rendition to the General Land Office, by five, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and the extended to the surveyor general, of an approved plat of the five, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and the expense and cost of collecting the same that the aggregate of said direct tax imposed by the act aforesaid shall be distributed and apportioned between the cities of Washington and Georgetown, and that part of said county of Washington lying outside the limits of said cities, according to the assessed valuation of proporty made in the jurisdiction of each by the assessment last prior to the date of the passage of said act of August five, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Approved July 1, 1864.

[PUBLIC-No. 165.]

AN ACT to authorize the Corporation of Washington to levy and collect the direct tax imposed by act approved August five, eighteen hundred and sixty one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rep resentatives of the United States of America in Con-press assembled, That the Corporation of the city of Washington be and they are hereby authorized o assess and collect a tax not exceeding the rate of fifteen cents on every one hundred dollars of the value of all real and personal property in said city, and on any and all other subjects of taxaon as made and returned by the Board o As sessors of said city, to enable the said Corporation to pay the Government of the United State the tax imposed by act approved August five eighteen hundred and sixty one: Provided, Tha any surplus that may accrue from the impesition of the tax as herein provided shall be deposite and applied to the use of the general fund of the said city of Washington.

# Approved July 1, 1864.

TPUBLIC-No. 166.1 AN ACT to expedite the settlement of titles to

lands in the State of California. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repr entatives of the United States of America in Con gress assembled, That whenever the surveyor general of California shall, in compliance with the thirteenth section of an act entitled "An act to ascertain and settle the private land claims in the State of California," approved March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, have caused any rat of the foregoing deposition, was, at the date thereof, a Notary Public in and for the city and county of St. Louis, duly authorized to administer oaths for general purposes, and that I am well acquainted with the hand writing of said S. Perit Rawle, and verily believe the signature to said deposition is genuine.

Line testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this May 1804.

A. C. BERNONDY, Recorder.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Kr., Frankfort, May 26, 1864.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set [L.s.] they hand and affixed my official seal, the ED. KEENON, Assistant Auditor.

[No. 58, Original.]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, My., That Albert G. Hoffers, and the county of the St. Louis, Mus. Libit Jurnouts, and other structures. Miscellaneous, Twenty-shirth Amount of dividends in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agenoies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved Marked. J. 1856; and it having been show to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at seaso of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as least one hundred and fifty thou said Commissioner to cause a patent to issue t the claimant as soon as practicable after such ap

AN ACT to incorporate the Potomac Ferry Company.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the preceding section shall apply to all surveys and plats by the surveyor general of California heretofore made, which have not also gress assembled, That Henry D. Coke, John B. Hutchinson, H. C. Fabnestock, Thomas Clyde, and William B. Hatch, and their associates and successors, or a majority of them, are hereby created and constituted a body politicand corporate by the name and style of The Potomae Ferry Company.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the preceding section shall apply to all surveys and plats by the surveyor general of California heretofore made, which have not also for men in one State to be credited to another, except as provided by the Act of July 4th, 1894. For recruiting in States in robeliton. He directs that you see to the exception of this order in your ded, That where proceedings for the correction control of the said district courts are provided by the name and style of The Potomae Ferry Company.

Washington, Aug. 12th, 1864

Maj. W. H. Sidell, A. A. P. M. G.:

The Secretary of War has forbidden the recruit-ing of men in one State to be credited to another, except as provided by the Act of July 4th, 1894. For recruiting in States in robelition. He directs that you see to the exception of this order in your confirmation of a survey are pending on the passage of this act in one of the said district courts of the correction of this control of the correction of the Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pro

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That the determination of the matter, and its decree there capital stock of said company shall not be less on shall be subject to appeal to the circuit court than one hundred thousand dollars nor more of the United States for the district in like man-

Soc. 2 And be it further enacted. That the capital stock of said company shall not be less than one hundred thousand dollars, to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each.

Soc. 3. And be it further enacted. That said company is authorized and empowered to establish and run a line or lines of vessels, propelled by steam or other power, be tween the cities of Alexandria and Washington, and other ports in the State of Virginia, on the Potomac river, Chesapeake bay, or the tributaries of the same.

Soc. 4. And be it further enacted, That said company is also authorized to purchase, hold, and grant such real estate as may be necessary to bail all necessary docks, wharves, and build all necessary docks, wharves,

said board of directors may make all necessary case to be transferred to the circuit court of the rules and by laws for the transfer of the stock United States for California, which court shall and the general management of the business of said company; and each stockholder in said company shall be individually liable for all claims against the same at the time such claims against the same at

claims against the same at the time such claims accrue.

Sec. 7. And be it farther enacted, That this act shall be enforced from the passage thereof.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That Congress may at any time hereafter alter, amend, or repeal this act.

Approved July 1, 1864.

AN ACT authorizing the levy court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, to levy and collect its portion of the direct tax imposed by the act of Congress of August five, eight teen hundred and sixty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the levy court of Washington ington county, in the District of Columbia, is hereby authorized and empowered to levy and collect, in the same manner as other county taxes in said county of Washington are leved and collect. after the rendition to the General Land Office, by the surveyor general, of an approved plat of the exterior limits of San Francisco, as recognized in in this section, in connexion with the lines of the

"To Whom It May Concern." A LL persons having property of any kind, within the walls of the Kentucky Penitentiary, unless The waits of the Kentucky reintendary unless said property is there for repairs, or for special reasons is in charge of the keeper, are hereby notified to remove the same within thirty days from this date, or the keeper will be directed to place it outside the walls at the owners risk. The cleared of every thing not essential to the busi

ness of the Institution.

J. M. MILLS,

JAS. H. GARRARD,

JOHN S. HAYS.

Penitentiary

Louisville and Frankfert and Lexing ton and Frankfort Railroads. UPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 1st, 1864.

CIRCULAR.

BY the provisions of the Excise Law, passed June 30, 1864, every person giving a re-June 30, 1864, every person giving a receipt for the delivery of property, is required to stamp the receipt with a two-cent Revenue Stamp. Postage stamps will not answer.

I order to comply with the terms of this law, Agents will require Consignees, before the delivery of goods, to send a written order, stamped for its delivery to not her parents.

or its delivery to another person.
SAM'L. GILL, Superintendent.

The above order must be complied with o oods will be retained in the Depot at Frankfort. T. U. KYTE, Agent.

FALL T-0

Wholesale Buyers. F are now receiving a large assortment

Ribbons, Bonnets, Hats, Flowers & Silks, In fact everything in the Millinery line in Fall DEVOU & CO..

83 and 85 Pearl Street DEVOU & Co., 83 & 85 PEARL ST., WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS, Clocks and Shawls.

CLOAKS.

We are now manufacturing our new styles of Cloaks. In this department will be found the most SHAWLS. A full assortment in all desirable make

DEVOU & Co., 83 & 85 Pearl St. ATTENTION! OFFICERS.

HEAD-QUARTERS ACTING ASSITANT PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL, AND GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT VOLUNTEER RECRUITING SPECIAL ORDERS No. 120.

EXTRACT.

II. The attention of all officers in the Recruit ng and Provost Marshal's Department in this tate, is directed to the terms of the following elegraphic order from the Provost Marshal Gen-

W. H. SIDELL, Maj. 15th U. S. Inf., A. A. P. M. G. and G. S. V. R. S. for Ky.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12th, 1864.

except as provided by the Act of July 4th, 1864, for recruiting in States in robellion. He directs that you see to the execution of this order in your tate, and, if necessary, arrest recruiting officers

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

PAN AWAY from the farm of the subscriber, in Owen county, three slaves, viz: PEIER, a tall black man, formerly the property of Elisha C. Hawkins, of this county; HENRY, a yellow man, raised by myself; and WESTLY, a boy of C. Hawkins, of this county; HENRY, a yellow man, raised by myself; and WESTLY, a boy of dark complection, raised by myself.

I will give the lawful reward for all or either of them, if delivered to me in this place, or secured in any itil so that I get them.

NOTICE.

of them, if delivered to me...
in any jail so that I get them.
MASON BROWN.

#### FOR SALE. HOUSE AND LOT IN BLOOM-INGTON, INDIANA.

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, WITH A A double porch on the east side; 8 convenient and comfortable rooms, besides a ball and 2 good dry cellars. Also, a frame cottage with 2 good rooms on the same lot, and 15 feet from the brick

The lot is large, (about half an aere) making a good garden and yard; and has a good assortment of fruit trees, &c.—Apple, Pear, Peach, Cherry, Goosberry, Raspberry, Strawberry, Grape and

For a boarding house, or for educational facilties it is a most desirable location, being just across the street from, and immediately north of the campus of the State University.

Terms \$3,000. \$1,000 in hand, and the residue on time; or a liberal deduction for all cash in hand.

ome, or write quick, for I will sell.

# PILIES!

ASURECURE VERY BODY is being cured of this distress ing disease by the use of

# Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy

Read what those say who have used it:

Mr. Charles W. Landram, of Louisville, and Mr. J P. Hazarde, Cincinnati, O., both were cured after using one pot of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. They say they have tried everything, but could obtain no relief, but one Pot of Strickland's Pile Remedy effected a perfect cure after suffering for many years with the worst kind of They recommend every one who is suffer-

ng to try it. Sold by all Druggists, 50 cents per pot. Manu-actured at No. 6, East Fourth street, Gincinnati,

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy May 25, 1864-w&tw1y-325.

fifty dollars for the apprehension of the said John Spencer, and his delivery to the jailer of Scott ounty, within one year from the date hereof. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, 1

have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1864, and 27th day of the Commonwealth. THO. E. BRAMLETTE. the 72d year of the Commonwealth.
THO. E. BRAMLETTE,

By the Governor:
E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State.
By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

John R. Gritton, in the county of Mercer, and is now a fugitive from justice, and is going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension of the said GEO.

W. McKINNEY, and his delivery to the Jailer of Mercer county, within one year from the date.

Mercer county within one year from the date.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I hereof. have horeunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frank ort this, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1-64, and n the 72d year of the Commonwealth THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By JAS. R PAGE, Assistant Secretary. Feb. 29, 1864-w&tw3m

Preclamation by the Governor. \$100 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. Whereas, It has been made known to me that RIAL, a slave belonging to W. B. Galaway, of Scott county, did on the — day of — 186—, murder feremiah Martin, of said county, and is

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. DESCRIPTION.

The Rial is about 45 years old. 5 feeet 8 inches high, rather small, black, with the front lower foretooth out, speaks slow and low, and has

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

New, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of said HARRISON BAKNES, and his delivery to the iler of Pendleton county, within one year from

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caus-ed the seal of the Commonwealth to be

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. Aug. 19, 1864-w&tw3m.

#### Proclamation by the Governor. \$200 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

now going at large:

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, de
hereby offer a reward of TWO KUNDRED DOLLARS, (\$200,) for the apprehension of the said
William Ross, and his delivery to the Jailer of
Gallatin county, within one year from the date
hereof

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I L. S. have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 18th day of March, A. D., 1864, and the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THO. E. BRAMLETTE.

E L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. March 21, 1864.-w&tw3m.

#### Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY. Executive Department. HEREAS, it has been made known to me that, at the April term, 1863, the grand jury of Pendleton county found a true bill against B. F. CUMMINGS, for the murder of Enos K.

B. F. CUMMINGS, for the murder of Enos k. Mullins; said Cummings is now a fugitive from justice, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said B. F. Cummings, and his delivery to the jailer of Pendleton county within one year from the data hereof. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I

have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 2d day of May. A. D. 1864, and in the 12d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS E. BRAMLETTE.

E. L. VARWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. May 4, 1864-w&tw3m-316.

#### Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, It has been made known to me that JOHN SPENCER did, on the — day of —, 186—, murder, in Scott county, David C. Carrington, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby, offer a reward of two hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension of the said John Spencer and his delivery to the date hereof.

the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 2d day of May, A. D. 1864, and in the

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. May 4, 1864 w&tw3m-316.

#### Proclamation by the Governor. \$200 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

BY HEREAS, it has been made known to me that one GEORGE W. McKINNEY, on or about the 19th day of January, 1864, murdered to jail by the examining court of Washingotn COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

Mercer county, within one year from the date Maddox, and his delivery to the Jailer of Wash-hereof. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be af-fixed. Done at Frankfort this 11th day of May, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor:

E. L. Van Winkle, Secretary of State.

By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

May 13, 1864-w&tw3m-320.

### Proclamation by the Governor \$650 REWARD.

COMMONWEATH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. HEREAS, it has been made known to n Scott county, did on the — day of — 186—
murder Jeremiah Martin, of said county, and is
now going at large.

Now, therefore I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, de
hereby offer a reward of ONE HUNDR DDOLLARS, for the apprehension of the said Rial
property of the said W. B. Galaway, and his de
livery to the jailer of Scott county, within one
year from the date hereof:

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I
have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth, to
be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this
27th day of Jan., A. D. 1864, and in
the 72d year of the Commonwealth:

THO. E. BRAMLETTE.

THO. E. BRAMLETTE.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

HEREAS, it has been made known to me
that, on the night of the 23d day of February, 1864, the following named prisoners made
their escape from the Franklin county jail.

ALEXANDER BURK, charged with shooting his
wife, W.M. JOHNSON, convicted to one year's
confinement in Kentucky Penitentiary; JOHN
ANDERSON, charged with grand larceny.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,

overnor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, de
hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred dollars for Alexander Burk, and One Hundred and Fifty dollars
each, for Ab. Bridgford, Wm. Johnson, and John
Anderson, for their apprehension and delivery
to the Jailer of Franklin county, within one year's
from the date hereof:

from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I L. S. have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 24th

day of February, A. D., 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth. THOS. E. BRAMEETTI By the Governor: E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State.

#### By JAMES R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary. Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that

JOHN W. PHILLIPS, underindictment of the

Harrison Circuit Court for the murder of John

Whalin, has forfeited his bail bond, and is now

going at large.

going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS E, BRAMLETTE,
Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do
hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said John W. Philips, and his delivery to the jailer of Harrison county, within one year from the

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixea. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of Feb., A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLLTTE

By the Governor.

E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. Peb. 12, 1864-watwam. The Line drawn at Chicago betwixe

Treason and Patriotism. The Chicago Convention (as the Baltimore Clipper says) has done that for which all loval men should be glad-it has established the position of almost every prominent Washington to take their place in the rebel cial positions for the purpose of embarrassing the Government, and in every way possible to aid treason by showing of patriotism. Woods', Brooks and various others who might be instanced, have been unceasing in their treacherous endeavors, not to mention Breckinridge even, who lagged behind Jeff. Davis in the Senate, and ventured with the vilest treason in his heart, to take Baltimore on his way to Dixie, for the purpose of haranguing our people as to their duty in the

But, thank Heaven, all that is done with now. Up to this period in the great conflict, there has been no wholesale test like this of the coming Presidential election, to tear the cers. mask from the foul lineaments of treason. With no call to take that final stand which places such men as some of these named prominent on one side or the other, they have hitherto skulked behind questions concerning doubtful infringements of the "constitution," they have brawled loudly of devotion to human rights, of the need of restricting power in the hands of our rulers. And whilst they could discourse fluently enough upon the tyranny of Mr. Lincoln, in taking needful measures to prevent the Govnot a word of condemnation for the murderous assailants who have clamored of the need of laying Washington in ashes, and of

We say again, the sitting of the Chicago Convention has had the effect of making the possible rewards of treason, and blinded by political rancor to such a degree as to prevent them seeing the defeat and disgrace States hurried to the treasonable gathering, made haste to range himself on the side of those, who, after the old manner, were ready to bow in the dust before the cotton lords of the South. Stimulated unduly by the noise. the tumult of the occasion; inspired by the not to mingle much in western military cirmusic, the presence of other enemies of the Government, and emboldened by the license permitted, free scope was given to treasonable expressions, no scruple prevented most of them from given vent to the emnity of the Government which lurked in their

The result of all this is before the country. One of these choice spirits intimates that the assassination of the President-"the infamous Lincoln," should surprise nobody, the green earth!" Another, in certain conthe world ever saw !" "Tyrant!" "usurper!" "despot!" "felon!" were the mild appellations dealt in when speaking of the President grog. of the United States; and one reverend senting voice; and in this resolution, which is a knife in preparation that will sever his (Mr. Lincoln's) political head from his lean. lank, lying political body"-that he had "petit larceny written all over his body, from

the crown of his head to the sole of his foot." And these are the men who ask to be entrusted with power, and who propose to reform the Government; these are they for with our success. and will yet restore our whom the American people are expected to Union, meting out to Rebels the just punish give up those who have been their defenders ment of war. against a bloody and vindictive rebellion platform. Why? Because all Rebeldon

the States of the North. so that he who runs may read. And if the American people allow themselves to be de Rebels, the miserable pickings of former their own fault. Whatever may have been General McClellan's record, even supposing tives of the men who this hour are preser more of the inspiration of honest patriotism that it was, the very fact that he has shown himself willing to be made the instrument of a vile and treasonable faction, determines front at last of a gang of disorganizers-of men who for their endeavors to cripple the government in a life and death struggle for field, till these thirty-five thousand can be preservation, deserve the condemnation of all loyal men, he has pronounced his own deserved sentence-his future must be

Then we say-in conclusion-let all patriots, all true lovers of their country rally to beat back the disorganizers, who, to obtain power propose to punish the true champ to it; and as the sequel, would bring about Kelly disunion and endless war upon the ultimatum of the infamous traitor who presides at Richmond amidst the frightful ruin he has created. Let him not extend his evil influence hither to league with domestic traitors, for our destruction. The Chicago Conven-

The following letter from a. Federal prisoner at Charleston, is published in the Washington Chronicle:

influences received by you from the father, and to proffer your friendly services whenever they would be acceptable." Washington Chronicle

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 6, 1864. Having established an "underground," rust this will reach you. It is the result of careful observation, long experience, and unrestrained intercourse with the officers

now prisoners of war in this city. Use your own judgment in giving it pub sympathizer with treason in the land, so licity; at all events correct the false state that henceforth no honest supporter of the South, that we sympathize in the peace Government in its conflict with traitors need movement now on foot at the North, and be misled. From the time the great traitors condemn our government in not accepting in Congress seized their per diem and left such terms of exchange as that father of lies, Robert Ould, sees fit to propose. may also serve as an indication of the senti armies and councils, there were those left ment of the whole military and naval powbehind whose business it was to retain offi- er of our people, for when we reflect that there is not a brigade in our army, not a squadron of our navy, and, strange to say, not a State of the original thirty-four but what is here represented, it is not, in my Vallandigham, Cox, Voorhees, the two judgment, assuming too much to claim that the opinions and language of these officers may be accepted as the index of the feelings, wishes and intentions of the army and

Keeping in mind, also, that this body of men is composed of the veterans of 1861, pupils of Buell in the West and McClellan in the East, and of all subsequent levies, it will surely be granted that no collection of men, with the same degree of intelligence and experience in the modus operandi and practical results of this war, can be found.

mark the eager discussion going on in little groups, while the Charleston Mercury passes quickly from hand to hand; that paper costs a dollar; it contains the Chicago plat

Here is a group of Western men—Hoosiers, Wolverines, Buckeyes, Logan's Egyptians, Rousseau's Kentuckians, Carter Tennesseeans-men who, from Cairo to the Gulf, have redeemed the Father of Waters have redeemed five States, and whose broth ers in arms are to daydriving Hood's shattered column from out Northern Georgia, occupy ing the "Gate City" of the South. Listen t ernment from being overthrown, they had that big cavalryman who rode with Grierson He is now on the second resolution, which says we have "failed in the experiment of war." "That is a lie. It was an experi ment-it is not now. Does not the conquest subjecting the country for years to come to as well as the reorganization of the States conflicts as deplorable as those which visit we have passed through, prove that the present policy toward the rebels must resul in certain success? No, gentlemen, the fel everything plain for the future. Covetous of flush of victory; never felt the gratitude of surprise of the rebels on the line of Brentsrather eloquent when a Buckeye from Valinvited, every prominent traitor in the loyal care for your liberated thousands, but the his contemplated movement might be exci ment' on every whipped dog that voted for

> These men seem belligerent, and I would advise the perpetrators of that resolution

There is another group-officers of the Army of the Potomac-one of whom says: "I tell you, gentlemen, the Chicago platform has rather got us on the 'experiment' question. We have fooled around Richmond three years and have not got it yet; but I do think it is very mean of Gen. McClellan to twit us with it; we fought for him, we lock, they obstinately refused to pass loved and trusted him; and now he has through! Was it not vexatious? I also deserted us, utterly oblivious of the fact that told the meeting of the puerile excuses for he had more to do with the unsuccessful the failure which he offered in the presence experiment of war than any man on the of Hon. Benj. Wade, of Ohio, and Andrey American continent." Now listen to that Johnson, then a Senator from Tennessee wonders that the Executive and "those of Jack Tar. He helped to cut the chain at and that he in their presence proposed to his Cabinet who have ordered outrageous military arrests should be allowed to cumber the green earth!" Another in certain conwhen he finds the Chicago Convention remember all this; and I am quite sure that tingencies, undertakes to pledge his State as against the Government "to the biggest fight better. We always have whipped the Rebs, appears to be, can verify all my statements." and intend to keep it up, although it is mighty hard to be legislated out of our following the incident of the stove pipe at

So much we have heard and not yet a dis copperhead ventured to inform his delighted in our judgment, contains the whole policy congeners, that-"as sure as Gop lives there of the Chicago platform, there is but one millions have beaten twenty-three millions. still without a plan. We ask our friends, those who regard our honor and our feelings, not to make any such admission for us.

We regard this same platform as a peace South, and who have thwarted treason in have hailed it as such. South Carolina has even claimed to be the birth-place of Gen We say we are glad to have the lines at McClellan, in honor of his principles. We the confidence of General McClellan, then last drawn betwixt treason and patriotism, regard the movement as an ignominious en deavor on the part of the disloyal of the old United States. Democratic party to regain, at the hands of ceived hereafter as to the purposes, the evil days, uninspired by one throb of patriotism, purposes, of any of these men, it will be by one manly or gallant thought. No, gen their own fault. Whatever may have be themen of the Chicago Convention, one thousand United States officers, representathat his conduct had in the past savored ving our country, spit upon you and your McClellan was in danger of removal because resolution, fling back your false and taunting he had stipulated to submit a plan of caminsult, laugh at your hypocritical whine paign within a certain number of days, and about suffering prisoners. None of your

"sympathy" is requested. his position and his fate. The head and like to see Hood and Lee reenforced by not deny this, nor that in pursuance of that thirty-five thousand exchanged men, and communication you did hasten to Wasthave it credited to humanity; but we rather prefer to wait till the new levies are in the Mr. Latham had left for New York. counterbalanced. We have suffered; we can suffer, when we deem it for the interest of duties in connection with the Pacific Mail

Judge Kelly on Gen. Naglee. The anti-Union papers are publishing a letter from Gen. Naglee to Judge Kelly, filled with false statements and misrepresentations. They will not have the honor to conferred with frankly and safely. ions of the nation's unity for their devotion publish the following response of Judge I say again, that I am sure you will contra-

> PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3, 1864. My DEAR SIR: My attention has been called to a letter bearing date the 27th ult., which you have done me the honor to address to me through the public journals, in which you say:

tion has made the duty of all patriots plain —let every one be prepared to strike a final blow for the integrity of the Government.

"Our acquaintance and all of the relations that have ever existed between us are confined to two or three accidental meetings, at one of which you were pleased to refer to the lasting impression made upon you when a poor boy by the one star. Eleven of them commanded discommanded discommanded discommanded and all of the relations to you. You cannot escape by artfully suggesting that each of the twelve generals who attended that council was entitled to but service. More anony one star.

How our Captive Soldiers Regard the Chicago Platform—Treatment of the Prisoners.

The following letter from a Federal pris-

You will pardon me, General, if I limit the relations that have existed between us" to one casual meeting which took place in the office and presence of my venerable and distinguished friend, Eli K. Price, Esq. I do not remember to have had a word of inercourse with you on any other occasion. On that occasion, I mentioned that our fathers had been friends, and told you that n the office of the prothonotary of the court of which I was a judge, your father had recognized me by my likeness to his early friend, my father. That was the only time I remember to have seen him, but I shall ever remember the pleasant words he spoke f my father who died during my infancy. The public will estimate the gratitude

owe you for this pleasant incident; but it was not to notice your personal allusion that I took my pen. You then proceed to quote a few senten-

es from the report in the Press, on the 23d ult., of my remarks at the meeting in Concert Hall the evening previous, and at the onclusion of the extract you say, "Now, ny dear sir, this statement is simply false, and, on the part of your friend, Mr. Edwin M. Stanton, maliciously false

The extract you cite is as follows "It got out that the President was determined to have the army moved, and it was found that General McClellan had no plan; and here I may state that we owe the Peninsula campaign to In these premises, I will give you the prevailing, I may say, the unanimous sentiments of one thousand United States officers.

Walk with me through the prison; you mark the eager discussion going on in little groups, while the Charleston Mercury, passed on the sentiments of this was unanited in the presence of Secretary Stanton. One, Gen. Blenker, owned that he captures while the Charleston Mercury asset of the success Messrs. Latham, Rice, and yourself had in constraining the President to retain Gen. McClellan in command. You know Gen. Gilman Marston, and dout tless, Persons obtaining ten subscriptions are respectfully. did not understand the plan, but would sustain it, as he thought he had to obey the mandates of his il. [Applauso."]

The report from which you clip this exract does not purport to be verbatim-nor exception to take to the passage you quote. It embodies a fair statement of my asserion so far as it goes. It refers to what ocurred during the first week in March, 1862, and must follow in the report, which I have not read, my statement of the disap pointment well informed men had experience d in the last week of February.

I had told the audience of the hopes en tertained by the President, the Secretary of ow that penned that resolution, and the War, and leading members of Congress, of men that voted for it, never felt the glorious the success of Gen McClellan's proposed liberated thousands; never knew the reality of our triumphs." This man was getting success of that promised movement was said by the General to depend on the fact that it landigham's district blurted out, "I don't was to be a surprise. That no suspicion o resolution is an insult to every man in the ted, he proposed that instead of constructing Western army, and I would like to 'experi- pontoons or hauling them thither, he would collect in the canal canal boats, of which to onstruct a bridge across the Potomac. This ne did at his leisure. All was now ready 'If anything was wanting, he had nobody but himself to blame," as he himself had aid. The morning of the eventful day ar ived, and lo! a difficulty, and a difficulty which to the eminent engineer commanding

the army was insurpassable. It had neve occurred to him to measure the outlet-lock through which the boats he had provided were to pass, and now just at the critica moment, as they were some feet wider than

I further said, in substance, that this fact, Munson's Hill and the wooden guns at Manassas, had exhausted even the President's stock of patience; but that he had, in the kindness of his heart, determined to give Gen. McClellan a chance to redeem sentiment among our officers here. It is himself from utter ridicule, and had given that of indignant contempt for the men him ten days in which to propose a plausiwho frankly own to an enemy, a hundred ble plan of campaign. It was then that I times beaten and chased by us, that we are said he had no plan, and that when several whipped, that we cannot succeed, that five of the promised ten days had passed he was

> At this point of time, my dear General, you come upon the scene, and I reaffirm all We are satisfied that I said of you. Without attempting to reproduce the language of my address, I reaffirm this, not on the authority of one whom I am proud to call my friend, Hon. E M. Stanton, but of one whose word you ought to accept, as he was a graduate of a penitent and a better man. West Point, a brigadier general of volun teers, and enjoyed, in an eminent degree, Commander in Chief of the armies of the

Indeed, my dear General, he was commanding a brigade under Gen. Hooker in lower Maryland, which I think was your Southern Kentucky Bramlette Guards. We position when you received a communication from a Democratic Senator, Mr. Latham, of California, which, though I cannot give you its precise language, let you know that Gen. would be removed if he did not, and reques ted you to hasten to Washington. We do not doubt for a moment you would quite sure, my dear General, that you will ngton, and were chagrined at finding that

Nor further, that you found a letter from him awaiting you, in which he regretted that ervice imperiously demanded his presence in New York on that day. It, however, re erred you to another Democratic Senator Mr. Rice, of Minnesota, and told you to con fer freely with him, as you would have done with the writer, as he understood the delicacy of the General's situation, and might be dict none of these statements, and ask you how my valued and honored friend, the Secretary of War, could have given me these facts, which were meant to be so confidential? My other assertions of how you pro posed the plan of the Peninsula Campaign, and, as politicians say, "packed" a counci of war, are all equally true and well known

ion commanders, yet Henry M. Naglee, DEBILITY DR. STRICKLAND'S TO commander of a brigade, was there on the NIC.—We can recommend those suffering flimsy pretence that it was not as easy to Hooker, as it was to communicate with pepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, you, in all candor, were you not reported as absent without leave on the day on

Perhaps I have, by this time, excited your cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility. curiosity as to the source from which I derived such minute and accurate information. If so, I will gratify you. All this information came to me, not, as you assume, from Hon Edwin M. Stanton, but from you Henry M Naglee, late Brigadier General of United States Volunteers. On the night of the 29th of March, 1862, you went in the cars from Broad and Prime streets to Wash ngton. Do you not remember the buoyancy with which you related all this, and how you exulted in the success of the artifice in 4 which you had been so prominent an actor?
My dear General your campaign had not then been tested, but now that the result is before us, do you not cower before the ghosts of the brave thousands who were slowly murdered by the malaria of the Chicka hominy?

The gentlemen to whom you addressed your conversation on the night of the 29th of March, 1862, were Messrs. George H. Moore and George W. Hacker, of this city and if you revealed your secrets so publicly that others could not avoid hearing them you must not wonder that they have pub lished them freely. I refer you, and any those distinguished Senators, Latham of Cali-fornia, and Rice of Minnesota, and a brigadier in Moore and Hacker, both of whom are well

remember the fact that you and he travelled some time later from Fortress Monroe to some time later from Fortress Monroe to Washington together, he being at the time with the facts of the found out that General how fully you detailed to him all the facts Washington together, he being at the time copy gratis. Naglee was absent without leave, and that I have recited? I do not doubt that you Fighting Joe Hooker knew nothing of the countries the spoke the truth; the collateral facts then spoke the truth; the collateral facts prove that you did But if error there be, it is you who are responsible. Gen. Mars- Will friends every where exert themselves ton is a brave and truthful man. I know was it full. I have, however, no special him well, and cheerfully refer any of our military friends to him for proof that you are vourself the author of the story vo wantonly ascribe to the Secretary of War, and denounce as "maliciously talse.

Very respectfully, WM. D KELLEY. To Henry M. Naglee, late Brigadier General U. S. Volunteers.

The Cincinnati Commercial says the following incident recently occured in Boone county, Kentucky

A wealthy planter, the owner of valuable chattels," and well known as a rebel conservative, who intends to vote for McClellar and Pendleton, had a fat and muscular negro who was conscripted His owner determined to provide a substitute for him, mounted his horse, rode into Covington, and for \$550 engaged an Irishman to go as a substitute, but without informing him for whom. Taken to the Provost Marshal's Prof. Saml. C. Chew. office, sworn in, provided with a uniform and paid off, the Irishman then, for the first time, ascertained whom it was he was to represent in the army. It is said his wrath and profanity exceeded all bounds, but it was too late to back out, and he was sent to quarters. The Kentucky conservatives who ide of the Ohio, who object to arming the negroes, evidently value a negro higher than an Irishman Rather than see a negro free the students daily throughout the entire year, they would drive the whole Irish population into "slaughter pens."

attached to the Medical S nool, and it is open to the Students daily throughout the entire year, without any additional charge.

The fees for the full course of Lectures are \$90; for Matriculation, \$5; and for Practical

This picture of the national sacrifice invited by General McClellan is vivid and striking. It is by the venerable and eloquent obert J. Breckinridge, of Ky.

Now, for God's sake, and for your coun try's sake, look at it. Here we are after between three and four years' war; after spending two or three thousand millions of dollars; after spilling the blood of million of our brothers, and consigning five hundred thousand of them to their graves; after conquering an extent of territory 1,500 miles in length by six hundred in breadth, we have an army in every State of the Confederacy, and a majority of them under our from them, except Mobile and Charleston and Richmond: and notwithstanding all wrequires.

WM. ROMANS, J. G. C. 13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Lexington. and Richmond; and notwithstanding all this, we are asked, as if we were a set o poltroons, to disgrace ourselves to the latest generation of mankind, to sacrifice every thing we have fought for, and that is worth living for, and make all the world say free government is worthless; that it cannot take care of itself. God Almighty in Heaven grant that every man who utters such a thought may be choked until he becomes

Col. Vick after the Rebels. We have a letter from Greenville, Ken tucky, dated October 10, giving some information of the movements of the forces

under Col. S. C. Vick, of the First Battalion. extract the following :-On the 25th September, Col. Vick started

on a scout in the tradewater country. While stationed at Pleasant Hill, Caldwell county, Capt. J. S. Lewis captured several notorious guerrillas. He then started to return to Greenville, by the way of Providence, Web ster county. When he reached that place, he learned that Lieut. Col. Soree, of the rebel Col. Johnston's command, was lyin in ambush waiting for him. Capt. Lewis found Lt. Col. Soree, and attacked him After a brisk engagement of a few minutes the rebels fled, Capt. Lewis and his men pur suing them two miles, and brought on anothe fight, in which four of the rebels were killed and seven wounded, and a number of hats caps, blankets, and bedquilts captured. Capt. Lewis acquitted himself gallantly as oldier and an officer, and his men acted

splendidly through the whole affair. This whole county is yet infested with bands of guerrillas I have just received reliable information that two hundred guerillas took possession of Madisonville early this morning (the 10th;) and then moved i the direction of Ashbysburg, on Green River They are commanded by Major Powell, and are well armed. It is reported that they captured several recruits for the Forty-eigth Kentucky, Colonel F. S. Johnson, and have murdered several new recruits for the Federal

summon his division commander, Gen. with Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyshim. Now, my dear General, let me ask to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to

For sale by Druggists generally at \$1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O. . June 27, 1864-336-tw&wly.

THE COMMONWEALTH. FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Loyal Newspaper, Devoted to Maintaining the Government in Putting Down the Insurrection.

fice it, that the Commonwealth is an uncom promising Union paper, and no effort will be spared to make it worthy the confidence Wm. T. Samuels, Auditor, Frankfort. and patronage of every loyal person.

That its influence may be exerted and felt for good, the Commonwealth must look for F. A Winlock, Clerk, Frankfort. support to the People, and to the People alone It has no official patronage to depend John L. Sneed, Clerk, Frankfort.

John W. Prewitt, jr., Clerk, Frankfort upon. Let the People, to whom it appeals. give it a generous and hearty encouragement -a patronage that will cause it to be found of the success Messrs. Latham, Rice, and in every loyal house—an ardent advocate of

Subscriptions are respectfully requested. Persons obtaining ten subscribers, and sending the money, will be entitled to one

in command of a regiment of New Hamp-shire Volunteers. Do you not remember Weekly, per year. \$4 00 Weekly, per year..... 2 00 The terms are low; and considering the Rev. Daniel Stevenson, Frankfort. great increase in price of paper, &c., requires that the subscription should be a large one

> A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Kentucky.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND. FUSHE FIFTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE in the UNIVER-ITY OF MARYLAND will commence on MON-DAY, the 17th of October, 1864, and end on the 1st of March, 1865.

A full Course of Lectures will be given on all the branches as follows:

On Surgery—By Prot. N. R. Smith.
On Chemistry and Pharmacy—By Prof. Wm.

A. Aiken. A. Aiken.

On Ovstetries and Diseases of Women and Children—By Prof. G. W. Miltenberger.

On Principles and Practices of Medicine, and Clinical Medicine and Hygiene—By Prof. Richard

McSherry.
On Anatomy and Physiology—By Prof. Chris-

Prof. Saml. C. Chew.

Practical Anatomy will be taught by James H.
Butler, M. D., Demonstrator.

During the continuance of the war, Military
Surgery and Military H. giene will be introduced

Surgery and Military Higher and as a regular part of the course.

Macriculates of this School have access at all times to the wards of the Baltimore Infirmary, witness the performance of all where they can witness the performance of ppose the conscription of negroes on this side of the Ohio, who object to arming the ment. The Infirmary is a spacious hospital attached to the Medical S hool, and it is open to

GEORGE W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,

GEORGE W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

Frankfort Commonwealth copy once a week to amount of \$5, and send bill to office of the Daily Gazette, Baltimore, Md.

Kulus K. Williams, Jackey, Ky.

James P. Metcalfe, Reporter, Frankfort Leslie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort, R. R. Bolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort

RUNAWAYS IN GARRARD JAIL.

NOTICE.

WHERE was committed to the Garrard county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro girl calling terself LUCY. She is about 15 years old and is of bright copper color. Says she belongs to E. Herndon, near Monticello, Wayne county, Ken-

The owner can come forward, prove property,

September 27, 1864-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE was committed to the Garrard county 7th Dist .- Henry Pirtle, Louisville. jail as a runaway slave, 15th September, 864, a negro girl calling herself LYDIA. She s about 16 or 18 years old, copper color. Says he belongs Dr. Perkins, of Pulaski county, Ken-

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the WM. ROMANS, J. G. C. September 27, 1864-1m.

NOTICE.

HERE was committed to the Garrard county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 15th of September, 1864, a negro woman calling herself NELLY. She is about 30 or 35 years old, dark If jail, as a runaway slave, on the 15th of September, 1864, a negro woman calling herself NELLY. She is about 30 or 35 years old, dark complexion. Says she belongs to Sallie Coffey, of Wayne county, Kentucky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

WM. ROMANS, J. G. C.

Sept. 27, 1864-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE was committed to the Garrard county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 15th day of September, 1864, a negro woman calling her-self MILLY JANE. Said woman is about 30 or immediately selected sixteen of his best mounted men, and s arted out to find the rebels. After travelling seven miles, he found Lt. Col. Soree, and attacked him. The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or they will be dealt with as the law requires

WM. ROMANS, J. G. C. Sept. 27, 1864-1m.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY!!

SHRYOCK & REA AVE leased the Carriage Manufactory of Heming & Quin, and are prepared to execute all orders for new work in the neatest, most ubstantial, and promptest manner. Every description of Carriage and Buggy Re-They solicit patronage, and promise to give this faction. Terms, Cash.
Frankfort, June 22, 1864-335-3m.

WANTED.

UNITED STATES DIRECTORY.

For the District of Kentucky. Brigadier Gen. S. G. BURBRIDGE, Commanding,—Headquarters, Lexington, Ky.

FIRST DIVISION. preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it Brigadier Gen. E. H. HOBSON, Commanding,-Headquarters, in the field SECOND DIVISION

Brigadier Gen. HUGH EWING, Commanding,-Headquarters, Munfordville, Ky.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our read ers, the following Directory of all the depart ments of the State Government of Kentucky:

> Executive Department. GOVERNOR.

Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort. SECRETARY S OFFICE

A lengthy prospectus is unnecessary. Suf-Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary, Frankfort. Daniel Clarke, "Ancient Governor," Frankfort,

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

J. M. Withrow, Assistant Aud R. R. Bacon, Clerk, Frankfort. Withrow, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort D. B. Waggoner, Clerk, Frankfort. Elwood Miller, Clerk, Frankfort Henry B. Cammack, Clerk, Frankfort. Henry Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort. Wince Coleman, Porter, Frankfort,

James H. Garrard, Treasurer, Frankfort. Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

LAND OFFICE. Jas. A. Dawson, Register, Frankfort. Richard Sharpe, Chief Clerk, Frankfort. Ben. Chase, Clerk, Frankfort.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

J. H. M. Ross, Clerk, Franktort. BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT David R. Haggard, Frankfort, Wm. T. Samuels, Frankfort, Wm. O. McNary, Muhlenburg co.

ATTORNEY GENERAL John M. Harlan, Frankfort.

PUBLIC PRINTER. Geo. D. Prentice, Frankfort.

H. M. McCarty, Frankfort.

Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort.

Military Department.

D. W. Lindsey, Adjutant General, Frankfort. John B. Tilford, Assistant Adjutant General, Frankfort. Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort.

Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort. Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort. William A. Craig, Clerk, Frankfort.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE. D. W. Lindsey, Inspector General, Frankfort. Wm Stewart, Clerk, Frankfort. Thomas N. Lindsey, Jr., Clerk, Frankfort

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE. Samuel G. Suddarth, Quartermaster General Frankfort.
W. T. Poynter, Auditing Clerk, Frankfort.
Thos A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal,

Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS -, Chief Justice, Belvard J. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS. 1st Dist.-C. S. Marshall, Bandville. 2d Dist.-R. T. Petree, Hopkinsville. 3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg. 4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen. 5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardstown 6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville. 7th Dist .-- Peter B. Muir, Louisville. 8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drane, Frankfort. 9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta. 10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg 14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland. 15th Dist.—T. T. Alexander, Columbia.

CHANCELLORS. Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court,

COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEYS 1st Dist.—P. D. Yeiser, Paducah.
2d Dist.—E. P. Campbell, Princeton.
3d Dist.—John Chapeze, Hartford.
4th Dist.—W. B. Jones, Franklin.
5th Dist.—L. H. Noble, Lebanon.
6th Dist.—M. H. Owsley, Burksville. 7th Dist.—J. R. Dupuy, Louisville.
8th Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.
9th Dist.—R B. Carpenter, Covington

GREENWOOD

FEMALE SEMINARY. FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY

Mrs Mary Trayne Runyan, Principal THE Thirty-second semi-annual sossion of this school will commence on Monday, Septemer 5th, 1864.

EXPENSES PER SESSION. Board, including fuel and lights ..... Tuition in primary branches ...... Tuition in Common English branches ..... Tuition in higher English branches, inclu-...20.00 

B. B. SAYRE'S SCHOOL

English, the Ancient Classics, and

the Mathematics, ILL commence its next annual session of forty weeks,

On Monday, the 26th of September, TERMS.—For taition per school year, \$100 payable half on admission, half in five month thereafter. No deduction save for absence of the principal. FOR PRESIDENT,

# ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ANDREW JOHNSON.

UNION ELECTORAL TICKET.

For the State at Large. JAMES F. BUCKNER, of Christian Co. CURTIS F. BURNAM, of Madison Co

District Electors, First Distric - N. R. BLACK. Second District—ED. R. WEIR.
Third District—J. H. LOWRY.
Fourth District—R. L. WINTERSMITH. Fifth District-JAMES SPEED. Sixth District .- J. P. JACKSON Seventh District—CHARLES EGINTON. Eighth District—M. L. RICE. Ninth District—GEORGE M. THOMAS.

Laws of 1863-1864. A very few copies of the Laws passed by the last session of the Legislature are for sale at the Frankfort Commonwealth office. Those who desire to obtain a copy should apply immediately.

Correspondence Wanted. made, that friends in all parts of the State would write us regularly of all matters of interest oceuring in their several sections, -political, general and local intelligence.

or favors. Persons wanting Periodicals, Weeklies, Cincinnati Dalies, etc., etc., can always be supplied by POLLARD, at his Literary Depot, opposite the Commonwealth Office.

#### Union Speaking.

J. L. Scott, Esq., will address the people of the Court House in Williamstown, Grant town first heard of it in the Journal. county, Kentucky, Monday, October 24, being the first day of the Grant Circuit Court.

of the United States Supreme Court, died at his residence in Maryland, October 12. He was born in Calvert county, Maryland, March 17, 1777.

SUNDAY BATTLES, -We have time and again took occasion to note the fact, that battles on the Sabbath universally resulted against the army that brought them on. Two recent battles may be added to the instances quoted in support of the fact. Boy's" wonder, as follows: Burbridge attacked the rebels on Sunday at Saltville, Virginia, and was not successful. The rebels attacked Sheridan near Strausburg on Sunday, and were defeated.

A correspondent of an Eastern paper intimates that the reason why some of the PLACES. extreme peace Democrats have given in to McClellan's nomination is based upon a de half the traveller's time was consumed in termination that, should he be elected, if he does not carry out his private pledges to be governed by the principles of the platform the administration of the Government will speedily devolve upon Pendleton!

Now, how, in such a state of case Government is to be placed in the hands of some minds. But, we all recollect that saved my time and labor in taking no notice General Harrison was removed to make way for John Tyler; Gen. Taylor, at a very impor tant crisis of affairs was removed, and was manners you can never mend. succeeded by Mr. Fillmore; and Mr. Buchanan came near being removed by the "Na. George D. Prentice and the Rebel autional Hotel disease"-poison,-when he would have been succeeded by J. C. Breckinridge. With these historical facts before mind, the mode by which the traitors who controlled the Chicago Convention in the adoption of the disunion platform can place the Administration of the Govern-

# Very True and Just.

Said Gov. Bramlette, in November, 1863. -ten months after the issuing of President Lincoln's Emancipation proclamation :-"That the destruction of slavery may be the fresh from Basil Duke's command-formerly result of the war seems now a strong proba. John H. Morgan's. In his neck tie, wrap bility; but such is not THE OBJECT. Who made ped in a piece of sick oilcloth, he had an this war? Was it not the rebels? Had order from Duke, ordering him to Ken they any excuse for it? Have not all the tucky, and "authorizing him to swear in evils, -public and private, -been the result recruits for said [Duke's] command, take of the rebellion? \* \* \* While the war other objects of strife."

This is all very true and very just. And the people of Ohio and Indiana seem to have been fully impressed with a sense of the fact that, "while the war of rebellion is upon us, ginia, on a visit to his son, Lieut. Col. Clar it is idle to talk about other objects of strife;" and so they have overwhelmed the Chicago peaceites at the polls. Let the people of Kentucky, in November, remember Gov. Bramlette's enunciations, "that the object of the dorsement: war is not the destruction of slavery;" "that above most satisfactory to you. while the war of rebellion is upon us, it is idle be received at any other point, and by "flag talk about other objects of strife;" that "to of truce boat" if preferred reserve our nationality is the paramount duty of patriotism;" and follow his advice to "stand firmly by the Government, and It must strike loyal people as passing alone, and is doing so manfully, at a loss of that the Government may be preserved.

cago anti-Union Convention. To put the thorities, in the same mode that it is sent,—
Governor's patriotic precept into practice you by a rebel soldier, acting the spy and recruit
"I hope to see you at the proposed Peace Convention in this city on the 18th of next belong.

"Office open (row 8) o'clock, A. M., until worth."

"I hope to see you at the proposed Peace Convention in this city on the 18th of next belong.

"Office open (row 8) o'clock, A. M., until worth."

"Office open (row 8) o'clock, A. M., until worth." must vote for the Union ticket. ing agent!

Union Meetings in Kentucky.

CHARLES EGINTON, Esq., Union candidate for Elector, will address the public at the fol lowing times and places, commencing on each occasion at half past one o'clock, P. M. Mt. Sterling, Monday, October 17th.

Paris, Tuesday, October 18th. Little Hickman, Friday, October 21st. Lancaster, Saturday, October 22d. Stanford, Monday, October 24th. Hustonville, Tuesday, October 25th. Danville, Wednesday, October 26th. Perryville, Thursday, October 27th. Cornishville, Friday, October 28th. Harrodsburg, Saturday, October 29th.

The friends at all the above named places are requested to give publicity to and arrange for the several meetings.

REV. R. J. BRECKINRIDGE, D. D., it is beieved, will be sufficiently recovered to be present 24th, 26th and 29th.

The public generally (including the ladies) are nvited to attend. October 12, 1864.

The "Canada Boy" who likes to take shelter from Union press gangs behind rebel crinoline, in Saturday's Journal takes a fling at Frankfort, and our military author ities. It invents a story of excitement and scare here, last Thursday night equally as mythical as its false statements about

"Fort Lowry" and its difficulty between the rests,' rebel forces had recaptured Rome, practical, efficient, capable of maintaining its ton; retailing from store at \$25. citizens of Versailles and colored soldiers. It has long been suspected, and it is pretty there. The Louisville Journal heads the Nor, sir, am I to be alarmed or dissuaded from generally believed, that Jesse and other reb- reportel leaders are on intimate turns with the We would repeat the request, some time since 'Boy," or some other of the members of the anti-Union organ, and get up these mythical reports to keep their names before the people, and thus give them an ephemreal notoriety. Or does the Journal thus remu Mr. J. D. Polland will accept our thanks nerate them for obtaining permits for its editors and friends through the rebel lines?

The anti-Union papers are publishing a paragraph from the Louisville Journal purporting to give an account of a difficulty between citizens and negro soldiers at Versailles. The difficulty originated !solely in Grant county in favor of the Union cause, the brain of the fugleman. Citizens of that was sent in consequence?

The "Canada Boy" closes his notice of the "excitement" he invented as prevailing Hon. Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice Frankfort, on Thursday night last, as fold

> The commotion has subsided, the reports of an alarming raid have exploded, and Frankfort has settled down into the quiet o Wonder who will write the history o the gallant defence? Shall the memorable scenes of Thursday night live in song and story, or pass from time, "unhonored and

> Another column of the same issue of the Journal furnishes a response to the "Canada

ALLEGORICAL. - A traveller, setting out upon a long journey, was assailed on the road by curs, mastiffs, and half-grown puppies, which came out from their kennels to park at him as he passed along. He ofter lismounted from his horse to drive them back with stones and sticks into thier HIDING This operation was repeated every day, and sometimes as often as twenty times a day. The consequence was that more than chasing these dogs and puppies. At last he was overtaken by a neighbor, who was going the same road, but who had set out a long time after him. The latter traveller was very much surprised to find the other on his journey, and hearing the reason.

'Alas!" said he, is it possible you have your time and wasted you strength in this idle occupation? These same animals Pendleton might be a subject of inquiry in have beset me along the road, but I have of their barking, while you have lost yours in resenting insults which did you no harm, and in chastising dogs and puppies, whose

----

Infantry, communicates to the Cincinnati Commercial the following permit from the Rebel authorities to George D. Prentice, of the Louisville Journal-the chief organ of conciliably opposed. the Kentucky anti-Union Democratic supment in the hands of Pendleton is very eyi- porters of the Chicago nominees and platform. The circumstances under which the Colonel obstained the document is as fol-

Citizens scouts in the Federal service at Louisa, Kentucky, about the 1st of October, captured a rebel soldier in Magoffin county charge of them, and report them to the com of rebellion is upon us, it is idle to talk about mand;" and also this permit for George D. Prentice:

"RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 10, 1864. "Mr. George D Prentice, Louisville, Ken tucky, is authorized to pass the Confederate lines to Pound Gap, in Southwestern Vir-

ence J. Prentice. By order, ence J. Prentice. By order, of Wa "Assistant Sectary of War.

And on the permit is the following en-"George D. PRENTICE, Esq: Regard the

"By authority

E. M. BRUCE.

adhere to its cause, no matter how widely strange, that a rebel recruiting agent is sent. we may differ from the Administration or its into Kentucky by Basil Duke with a permeasures," and vote to sustain the Adminis | mit to George D Prentice to visit his son at | mot been nome since the convention. His | whole soul is in the cause, and be is at this tration in its efforts to suppress the rebellion, Pound Gap at the very time the Journal is time operating through a channel you would publishing notices that General Burbridge is not suspect, but which has been confided to But remember, you can not follow that about to undertake an expedition to the Gap! me in confidence. patriotic advice by voting with Wickliffe, It is an item, also, that this permit is not re-Powell, Bullock; Vallandigham, Long, the quested and obtained through the ordinary fault. I see nothing but defeat; others see Woods, the Seymours and their colleagues channel of the Union authorities, but, in differently. But a short time will determine for the platform and nominees of the Chi- all probability, is requested of the rebel au- it now.

Hon. Green Adams has resigned his position as Sixth Auditor. He has accept. The supporters of the Chicago disunion ed a position as general cotton purchasing ticket and platform are for peace, -for subagent at Nashville. Mr. John F. Sharrett, mission to the rebels and insurgents. They

been appointed Sixth Auditor. way robbers, professing to be confederate by arms is in opposition to the Federal Consoldiers, are robbing the citizens of Jefferson stitution and to the genius of our institutions. Silver ......

Demand notes....... county-coming within a mile of Louisville. In the ranks of those who support the Chica-On the 14th instant they robbed and mur- go anti-Union nominees and platform are dered a soldier near the eruptive hospital.

Pendleton's name is of itself a warning to the people that they should not vote for him. Let no one depend on! That is the sentence the letters of his name constitute. "Let no one depend on" the man represent. and will participate in the meetings of the 22d, ed by the name Pendleton. Will Union people heed the warning?

There is no war news of importance, except a report that Forrest's command has recaptured Rome, Georgia, from General Sherman. It comes through rebel sources, and is not credited at Washington.

In the armies in Missouri and in front of Richmond matters are about the same.

On the 13th October the telegraph spread over the country a report that For-Georgia, from Sherman's forces stationed

Capture of Rome, Ga., by OUR troops.! exhibits the milk in the cocos nut.

for Kentucky is censuring Brevet Major General Burbridge because more secrecy was an arm, weak and enfeebled as it may be expedition was going to be undertaken; and "I repeat the sentiment; if resistance is the Richmond papers copied the announce- attempted to any authority of the country

Clellan men is Hon. O. H. Browning, late will be shed. But if it is shed, who will be United States Senator from Illinois.— chargeable with the effusion of human blood?

Those who attempt to prostrate the general Mr. Browning let the slander go as long authority, upon the supposition I have made, as he could, and then put his foot on it. that a single State, if there shall be one, o Here is an extract from his letter :-

the Confederate States an independent sove-reignty, constitutional government on this ontinent will be demoralized, and disinte- the last who will give up the effort to mair happy Republic disappears, and is succeeded ous authority. y a family of little, contemptible, and evervarring despotisms.

Union, and the Union can be restored only by subduing the military power of the Con- the standard of insurrection was raised federacy, and then addressing ourselves to the people, separating them from their lead egiance, submit to the authority and receive the protection of the Government under the Neville, but the insurgents then as disunbenign rule of which they were so long hap py and prosperous. We should have noth- the approach of the flag of the Union, sup Government; give it no recognition; enter into no negotiations; conclude no armistices with it; but as I have said, crush its armies, and then address ourselves to the people and bring them back to the obedeince of citizens An armistice would be but the prelude to newspaper, depot, store, ship, and railroad compromise upon a basis of separation; and, was suspended, and every male person em-An armistice would be but the prelude to as this would be our disgrace and ruin, I ployed there in ordered to the front. an not give my support to any man or any set of men who, in the event of coming into con speech bitterly, and express surprise ower, would favor such a policy.

I do not doubt Gen McClellan's patriots as declared in Davis's speech. For him, personally, I have very great re- detences of the capitol. spect, and entire confidence in his fidelity to Georgia telegraphic despatches say that sarily have to square the policy of his Ad. negroes have been issued in that State and ministration to the platform of the party Tennesse which brought him into power, to the views Col. D. A. Mims, of the 39th Kentucky and opinions of the men who nominated and has another speech of Davis's in which he elected him, and the Chicago Platform, says we must do our duty. Every man that which, in my opinion, looks only to separa is able must bear arms for the defense of tion and the recognition of the Confederate the country. Government. To this I am utterly and irre-

> I am, very truly, your friend. O. H. BROWNING.

some ten days, without Mr. Long denying it. Balsam. Sold by all druggists. The letter is as tollows:

"CINCINNATI, September 29, 1864. however, for not doing so.

"I did not go to New York. Amos Green, The military prospects is darkly clouded full detail of all they did.

"They had passed a resolution to hold a In Southwestern Virginia General Bur convention in this city during the present bridge has been defeated by Breckinridge, week, for the purpose of making an inde- and compelled to return to Kentucky. pendent nomination, but on the receipt of my In the State of Missouri, the rebel invasreceived by Gen. Singleton until Wednesday, successful. He holds nearly the whole they then rescinded the resolution concluded State out of St. Louis. ing that it Onio would do nothing, they scinding of the resolution, the Metropol- humiliating feature. itan Record and Freeman's Journal c. ved n, but Ben Wood determined to stand out

from \$1,000 to \$2,000 a week. "Singleton is in Washington now, and has

"There is no enthusiasm in the Democracy

Very truly, yours, 'ALEXANDER LONG.

Mr. Clay's Views about Coerciou.

chief clerk in the office for fifteen years, has contend that the Government has no right to coerce; that, in the language of Mr. Pendleton-their candidate for Vice-Presi as follows: A band of seventeen to twent y high. dent-to strempt to suppress the rebellion many who boast that they were always Henry Clay men. To such we commend the annexed response of Mr. Clay, in the United States Senate, in 1850, to threats of resistance and secession. Mr. Clay was no are selling at 20 to 23c ₽ dozen. believer in the doctrine of peace and conciliation with traitors and rebels :-

Now, Mr. President, I stand here in my place, meaning to be unawed by any threats, whether they come from individuals or from States. I should deplore, as much as any man living or dead, that arms should be \$1 10@1 25. Pepper 45@46c spice from 38@40c raised against the authority of the Union, Rice 12@13c. Teas, Gunpowder \$1 40@\$2 either by individuals or by States. But, after all that has occurred, if any one State or to a portion of the people of any State, choose place themselves in a military array against the Government of the Union, I am for trying the strength of the Government. [Ap- Oats we quote at 75@800, barley \$1 20@1 25, and plause in the galleries ] I am for ascertaining whether we have a Government or not— Hay—U authority, and of upholding the powers and any such course by intimations of the spilling of It blood is to be spilt, by whose sault Comment is unnecessary. That single line is it? Upon the supposition, I maintain it Bluegrass, st'pd will be the fault of those who choose to Bluegrass el'd. raise the standard of disunion, and endeav. Bluegrass extra The anti Union Democratic fugleman or to prostrate this Government; and sir, when not observed in regard to hislate expedition by age, that voice and that arm will be on the Chinese sug. ca. to Pound Gap. Now it is well known that side of my country, for the support of the gen- Hungarian grass

support of the common authority of the from \$5 to \$34 75,per 100 pounds. General Government. Nor am I apprehen Amongst those whom the anti-Union sive of this idea that blood is to be shed. papers have been heralding forth as Mc- From the bottom of my heart I hope it never the people of any State, choose to raise th If the rebellion becomes a revolution, and standard of disunion and attempt to destroy gration will proceed till our once noble and tain the Union, in its entire, full, and vigor-

"Sir, these threats are not so alarming and so dangerous as gentlemen in their imagina These consequences, in my judgment, can tions may suppose. We have had an ever of this kind in our history. When Wasi ington was President, now sixty years as the western part of Pennsylvania. The army of the United States moved forwar ers, and inducing them to return to their als for the purpose of subduing it. There was some litte bloodshed at the house of Col. ionists and traitors always will-fled from ng to do with the so-called Confederate ported by the authority of the Union, and countenanced by the Father of the Union

> Extracts from late Southern Papers. The Richmond papers of October 8 and 9 say that during Friday's battle every scho

that two thirds of the rebel arms are absent

sm nor the sincerity of his wish to preserve | Every able bodied male negro is summar the integrity of the Union and Constitution, ily seized in Kichmond and hurried to the

he country; but if elected he would neces orders conscripting all the white men and

The Richmond Whig, of the 10th inst.

ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.—The O'N Tuesday, 18th instant, on my farm—will proofs of cures of the most distressing cases of Asthma and Consumption by Dr. Strick londer than words to the merits of this in-The Ohio State Journal publishes a letter comparable remedy. A grateful patient from Mr. Long, the rebel member from the writes: "I am happy to bear my testimony Second district in Ohio, which the Journal to the wonderful powers of your Cough says "was found by a gentleman in the Balsam in curing me of the most troublepremises of a mercantile establishment in some cough and shortness of breath after all Columbus, where it had accidentally been other means had failed." Can any result be dropped, of course." The letter is no doubt more gratifying! what a load of suffering genuine, - having been published now for was removed by the use of this noble Cough

The Cincinnati Enquirer, October 12, "My DEAR SIR—Your favor of the 23d was duly received, and should have had an earlier answer. Want of time is my excuse, identical election." idential election :

of Illinois, who was one of the conterrees. General Grant has been tadly defeated on and present at all the meetings at the St. the James, losing two batteries and a large Board. Nicholas Hotel, was here, and gave me a number of prisoners. His advanced posis tions have been wrested from him.

dispatch of Tuesday night, which was not ion under Price appears to be completely as

Everywhere the war, as a military proposiwould do likewise And upon the retion under the incapable Lincoln, is a most

# A LIST OF LETTERS

EMAINING in the Post Office at Frankfort, Kentucky, on the 17th day of Oct., 1864, which, if not called for in one month, will be sont to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D. C.

W. A. GAINES, P. M. Oct. 17, 1864-1t.-372.

COMMERCIAL.

LOUISVILLE MARKET,

Остовев 12, 1864. Gold took a considerable rise to-day. We quote No extras.

211@212 215@217 180@185 CHEESE-Unchanged. Sales of Western Re-

serve at 21c, and Hambugh at 22 \$ tb. FLOUR-A dull market, and sales mostly con-

saleable at 45@50c. Prices very unsettled. Eggs DRIED FRUIT .- Apples selling at @101/2c, and

eaches at 17@17c GROCERIES -- Coffee held at at 38@39c. Sugar unchanged; 24. Orleans 23c to 25c, Cuba 30@31c. refined, crushed, granulated, and powdered, 28@ 50c. New Orleans molasses \$1 15. Sirup

Oolong 80@\$1 50. GRAIN-Market firm. Wheat at \$1 75@1 8 for red, and \$1 85@1 90 for white. Corn in de mand; saleable at 1 25@\$1 35 for ear and shelled

HAY-Unchanged. We quote at \$23@25 pe

Parators .- Market quiet; sales at \$3 75@4 00 SEEDS-In good demand. Clover, Millet, and Hungarian grass higher. We quote as follows: Clover ...... bushel (60 tbs.) at \$15 00@16 2 50@2 (14 fbs. (59 lbs.) (48 lbs.) 2 500 (60 lbs.) 3 50 @4 (38 tbs. (56 ths. Onion sets ... (44 lbs.)

firm during the week. The sales on the 12th ment from the organ. May-be, that permit by any State; or any people of any State, I firm during the week. The sales on the 12th will raise my voice, my heart and arm, in PROVISIONS. - A continued quiet market

rices are steady, and lard is selling at 20@21 plain hams at 22@23c. Stagg's at 24c; baco ides at 22@24c, shoulders, 19@191/2c, breakfas bacon at 24c. WHISKEY .- Prices dull and market very quiet

Raw held at \$1 70.

#### SHULTZE & BROTHER'S EXCELSIOR

New Music Store!

We have a large stock of

# BRADBURY PIANOS, CABINET ORGANS

AND

-ALSO-SABBATH SCHOOL MUSIC BOOKS,

GLEE BOOKS, &c Which we offer for sale at reasonable prices. WE shall shortly receive a large stock of other musical instruments. chandize generally. Our store is now at

No. 4, Higgins Block, Main Street, next door to Sumner, & Co's Sewing Machin

SCHULLZE & BRO

LEXINGTON, KY. October 7, 1884-4ttw .-

Frankfort Commonwealth, publish 4 times and send bill to this office for collection.—Lex. Union-

PUBLIC SALE. Forty-Nine Horses,

consisting of geldings, mares and colts, over we years old. Also, A VALUABLE JACK. Franklin county. D. C. PROCTOR.

Oct. 14th, 1864.-2tw\*.

DRAFT.

HEAD-QUARTERS ACTING ASS'T PRO. MAR. GEN. STATE OF KENTUCKY, LOUISVILLE, KY. October 10, 1864.

the information of all concerned:

Men whose names have been drawn in the draft

cases where the person arrested is, after examin ation, held to service. The Board of Enroll army or navy, engaged in the suppression of the ment sits at the Head-Quarters of the Provest rebellien, from the commencement to the close Marshal of the District, he being President of the thereof.

Men who have enlisted after their names have been drawn in the draft, whether notified or not, are in military service under the draft, and not by the enlistment, which is void; they must report to the Board of Enrollment of the District in which they were drawn, and if they desired to consider the constraint of the reason of the constraint of the reason of the re

W. H. SIDELL, Majer 15th U. S. Infantry, Act'g Ass't Pro. Mar. Gen. for Ky

THE ELEVENTH SESSION! OF Mas. HALLIE E. TODD'S School for Children will commence on

Monday, September 5, 1864, and continue twenty weeks, at \$10 the session

No deduction made for absence except in case of sickness. July 20, 1864.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED. FETHE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between

RODMANS & BLACKBURN

FLOUR—A dull market, and sales and fined to the jobbing trade. We quote extra and family at \$9 75@10 \$\to\$ bbl.

THOS. RODMAN is alone authorized to use the name of the firm in closing up the partnership

THOS. RODMAN having purchased the inter-st of J. L. RODMAN and R. W. BLACKBURN in the stock of goods on hand will continue the business upon his own individual account, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

THOS. RODMAN,

J. L. RODMAN R. W. BLACKBURN. Frankfort, Oct. 10, 1864-2ms.

Lost! Lost!!! Lost!!!! Lost!!!! HARLES CLEMENT, aged 21 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, black beard, slim built, and dressed in black pants, white shirt, and small boys bat, left home on the 25th day of July, 1864 in decreased. 1864, in a deranged state of mind from epilep-ey. He was seen on the train from this place to Lexing'on, on the morning of the 26th of July, from Gillman's Station. He may be me where along the railroad or in Frankfort or

Any officer or other person seeing such a person nd le ing me know where I can find him, shall be liberally regarded. He has fits often during

the night, can tells his name when asked.

J. W. CLEMENT,

Louisville, No. 2, (ourt Place

Sept. 16, 1864—w&twlm\*—363.

NOTICE.

LOST CERTIFICATES

CERTIFICATE No. 2,400, for six shares of the capital stock of the Farmers' Bank of Kenucky, dated June 3d, 1861, and No. 2,422, for ourteen shares of the same stock, dated January 3t, 1862, were enclosed by mail, on the 30th of March, 1864, to F. C. McCalla, Cashierat Georgeown, Ky., t gether with power of attorney of S. P. Weisiger, to whom said certificates were issued; out were never received by said McCalla, and so were lost. I shall apply to the said Farmers' Bank, at their principal office in Frankfort, to saue a new certificate to me as the purchaser, in ieu of those so lost. All persons are called upon to show cause why it shall not be done.

F. A. LYON.

F. A. LYON. August 8, 1864-354-w&tw2m. A CARD.—REMOVAL.

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY

V. KALTENBRUN

AS removed from his old stand on St. Clair street, Frankfort, to his own residence on ain street, adjoining James R. Watson's Resaurant and Boarding House, where he will con-inue the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, of the ery best quality, and of the latest fashions. He returns his grateful thanks to the citizens

eretofore bestowed upon him, and he pledges imself to use every exertion in his power to merit be confidence of those who have honored him with their patronage. He respectfully solicits orders in his line of usiness, and pledges himself to give satisfaction,

this community for the very liberal patronage



URES Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asihma, and Consumption. It is only necessary for my one troubled with these complaints to try

strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam them that it is the best preparation ver used. It not only cures the above affections f the Throat and Lungs, but it cures Night weats and Spitting of Blood, and is an excellent argle for any kind of Sore Throat. It is pleasant to take, and a safe medicine for infants rice 50 cents per bottle. For sale by Druggist enerally. May 25, 1864 w&twly-325.

OFFICE KENTUCKY STATE AGENCY,) Washington, D. C., P. O. Box 127.

C. D. PENNEBAKER,

AGENT AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW VILL give prompt attention to the prosecu-tion of Claims before any Department of the Government, and any other business with the Jovernment that may be confided to his care. He will prosecute Claims before the Court of Claims and practice Law before the Supreme Court of the United States, and the various Courts in the District of Columbia. Pensions and Claims for Ar-rears of Pay, and Bounties for Soldiers, their widows, or heirs, will receive especial attention

The following act is published for the benefit of all concerned. It must be strictly complied with.
C. D. PENNEBAKER, Agent State of Kentucky

THE FOLLOWING IS PUBLISHED FOR AN ACT to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, and to provide for the payment of certain demands for Quartermasters' stores and

All men drawn must report to the Board of Enrollment according to their notifications, in default of which they are liable to arrest as described. That the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims shall not extend to or include any claim to the liable to arrest as described. ters and to the consequences thereof, which include against the United States growing out of the de-liability for the expenses attending the arrest in struction or appropriation of, or damage to, prop-

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That all claims In cases where the serving of notices to drafted of loyal citizens in States not in rebellion, for men within ten days after drawing, has been found Quartermastera' stores actually furnished to the impracticable, by reason of forcible resistance, the proper officer receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officers without give The civil authorities of the State are requested, ing such receipt, may be submitted to the Quarby the Provost Marshal General to co-operate with the military authorities in arresting all deserters panied with such proofs as each claimant can pre-as above described, as well as deserters from the sent of the facts in his case; and it shall be the former draft who having failed to report, may be duty of the Quartermaster General to cause such found lurking in the State.

Men who have enlisted after their names have just, and of the loyalty of the claimant and that

be EMAINING in the Post Office at Frankfort, Take their preference, when, if practicable, the commandant of the rendezvous may assign them to such organization.

Anett, J. W. Achary, Gapt. C. A. Boogherty, Robt.

Burton, Miss Mary Buckwalter, B. F. Canings, T. J. Zachary, Capt. C. A. Dougherty, Robt.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised" and give date of list. port each case for payment to the Third Auditor of the Treasury, with a recommendation for set

tlement.

Approved July 4, 1864. 5t-tw. July 25, 1864-348-twif.

# G. W. CRADDOCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW

FRANKFORT, KY. OFFICE on St. Clair Street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in all the Courts holden in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the law requires. djoining counties.

### WARNER,

DENTAL SURGEON FRANKFORT, KY.

FFICE at Lewis B. Crutcher's, opposite the Capitol of the State.

Will be in Frankfort the second and third week of each month. May 13th, 1863-tf

J. W. FINNELL.

FINNELL & CHAMBERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

OFFICE -- West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth COVINGTON, KENTUCKY. February 22, 1860-tf.

J. H. KINKEAD, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

GALLATIN, MO. Daviess, and the Circuit and other Courts of joining counties.

Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.

May 6, 1857-tf. BRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts

LYSANDER HORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY. Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court.
Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.

Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

JAMES SPEED ...... WM. F. BARRET. SPEED & BARRET, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

LOUISVILLE, KY., AVE associated with them SAMUEL B. SMITH, of the late firm of Bullitt & Smith, in the practice of the law, under the firm of SPEED, BARRET & SMITH, and will attend the Court of Appeals, Federal Court at Louisville, and all the Courts held in Louisville. [Jan. 17, '62-1y\*

JAMES HARLAN, JR.

JOHN M. HARLAN

#### HARLAN & HARLAN. Attorneys at Law, FRANKFORT, KY.

VILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry, Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dec'd. Correspondence in reference to that business is requested. that business is requested. March 16. 1863—tf.

BRAMLETTE & VANWINKLE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW WILL practice in the Court of Appeals and Federal Courts held in Kentucky.

Office in MANSION HOUSE, nearly opdosite Commonwealth Printing Office.

E. L. & J. S. VANWINKLE Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle, and adjacent Circuit Courts. Offices-FRANKFORT and DANVILLE. Sept. 14, 1863-by

J. M. GRAY, DENTAL SURGEON,

Office and residence on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.

FRANKFORT, KY. operations for the Extraction, Insertion, Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth performed in a scientific and satisfactory manner. He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to his ewn improvement upon the Gold Rimmed Plate, which, for cleanliness, durability, and neatness, cannot be excelled.

Specimens of all kinds of plate work may be seen at his office. Frankfort, April 22, 1863-1y.

Kentucky River Coal

HAVE just recoived a fresh supply of the BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort.

S. BLACK

V. BERBERICH.

WEITZEL & BERBERICH, MERCHANT TAILORS WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity that they have opened a select stock of spring goods for Gentlemen's wear, which they will sell low for cash. They will carry on the Tailoring business in all its branches, and will warrant their work to give satisfaction, both as to its execution and the charges made for it. Terms cash. Their business room is under Metropolitan Their business room is under l Hall, and next door to the Postoffice. August 3, 1863-tf.

> Proclamation by the Governor. \$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCEY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. HEREAS, it has been made known to me that JOHN TANNER was committed to the Garrard county jail, for the alleged murder of his wife, two children and sister-in-law, and for areas, he mediated. for arson; he made his escape from jail on the 15th July, 1864, and is now a fugitive and going at

large.
Now, therefore, I THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Now, therefore, I THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$300) for the apprehension of the said John Tanner, and his delivery to the Jailor of Garraed county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I L. S. have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 22d day of July, A. D., 1864, and in the 73d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. DESCRIPTION.

He is about 35 or 40 years old, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, dark hair, rather sallow complexion, weighs about 135 pounds, has a stoppage or stammering in his speech, articulates imperfectly, and in the habit of repeating the last words of fevery sentence. At first the impression is made that he is simple minded or foolish.

July 24, 1864-3m-348.

#### NOTICE.

June 27,1864 -336-1m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

The Falmouth Bridge Co., Plaintiffs,

against Thos. J. Oldham and others, Defts. Thos. J. Oldham and others, Detts. J N pursuance to an order of the Pendleton Circuit Court, rendered at its April term, 1864, I will, as Commissioner, appointed in this cause, offer for sale, at Public Auction, on the 1st Monday in August next, it being County Courtday, on credits of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months, at the Court House door in the town of Falmouth, Ky., the Wire Sus-pension Bridge over main Licking river at said place, with all its appurtenances, privileges, fran-chise, stocks, real estate and personal effects. The purchaser will be required to execute bands with good security, bearing interest from date. C. A. WANDELOHR, Commissioner.

FALMOUTH, June 27, 1864-336-6tw3w.

TATE OF KENTUCKY, Ss. FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT, JULY TERM, 1864. ohn W. Sanders,

against William Sanders, Letitia Sanders, Henry Sanders, Alexander San ders, and Tilman Sanders, heirs Defendants. at law of William Sanders, Sr.,

THIS day Plaintiff filed his petition for a division of lands which belonged to William Sanders, Sr., deceased, at his death, and showed that Alexander Sanders and Tilman Sanders, two o the defendants, are non-residents of Kentucky It is ordered that notice of the aforesaid applica-tion be published in the newspaper called the Commonwealth, published at Frankfort, Ken-tucky, for three weeks consecutively, giving said non-residents notice of said application, that

they may appear thereto.
Thos. N. Lindsey, Attorney for Plaintiff.
A copy attest: A. H. RENNICK, Clerk C. C.
July 20, 1864—346—tw&w3w.

NEW ENGLAND Fire & Marine Insurance Comp'y

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Business Confined To Fire Insurance Exclusively.

Chartered Capital, - . \$500,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. GEO. W. GWIN, Agent. Frankfort April 13, 1863-by.

AND FLUX

SOLDIERS!

You ought not to be without such a valuable medicine. The Cincinnati National Union, of April 24th, says: that thousands of our soldiers have been saved by the use of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. For sale by Druggists at 50 May 25, 1864-w&tw1y-325.

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

Patented October 13, 1863.



Dark Green,
Light Green,
Magenta,
Maire,
Maroon,
Orange,
Pink,
Purple,
Royal Purple,
Salmon. Salmon, Scarlet,

For Dyeing Silk, Woulen and Mixed Goods Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Childrens' Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

Wearing Apparel.

TERMS.

To City Subscribers, payable to the Carrier, twenty cents per week.

To Mail Subscribers, payable in advanced, \$1 00 per month; \$5 00 for six months; \$9 00 for one ATA SAVING OF 80 PER CENT. ET

The process is simple, and any one can use the dye with perfect success. Directions in English, French, and German, inside of each package. For further information in Dyeing, and giving a perfect knowledge what colors are best adapted o dye over others, (with many valuable recipes,) purchase Howe & Stevens' Treatise on Dyeing and Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 cents. Manufactured by

HOWE & STEVENS,

260 Broadway, Boston.
For sale by druggists and dealers generally.
Nov. 25, 1863 wly.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE Franklin county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 27th of July 1864, a negro woman calling

as the law requires.

WILLIAM CRAIK, J. F. C. July 28, 1884-1m-1648

H. SAMUEL.

CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT

Rooms under Commonwealth Office. F you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved or your Head Shampooned, go to
H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
Feb. 8, 1880.

COLORING. orders entrusted to us, will be Fromptly and care fully attended to. Apply to

J. R. GRAHAM & CO.,

Style of the art, by calling at

Jan. 8, 1860. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP

August 26, 1863-w&twlv

NOTICE.

Notice of Bracken county, a runaway slave, a negro man who calls himself DANIEL. Says he belongs to one Walker Thornton, of Harrison county, Kentucky. Said negro man is about years of age.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

WM. ROMANS, J. G. C.

June 27, 1864 -336-1m.

WM. MARSHALL, J. B. C. July 15, 1864-1m-344.

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY

A. C. KEENON inform that he still continues the Book Binding business, i all its branches, at his old stand, over Major's Book stand, over Major's Book attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment. CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any patern, and of the very best

BLANK BOOKS of every description, anufactured at short notice, to order, on reaonable terms Frankfort. March 23, 1863-tf.

PROSPECTUS

NATIONAL UNIONIST HE undersigned having purchased the material, &c., of the office known as the Statesman office, propose to publish in the city of Lexington, Kentucky,

A LOYAL NEWSPAPER, Devoted to Maintaining the Government in

Putting Down the Rebellion.

It is unnecessary for us to issue a lengthy pro spectus. Suffice it to say that our paper will be an uncompromising Union paper, and an arden advocate of the best interests of the Government of the United States, and of Kentucky, and we will spare no pains to make it worthy of the confidence and patronage of every truly loyal person.

The latest news pertaining to the War, Civil Government, Agriculture, and a General Review of the Markets of Agricultural Products, Grocers and Family Supplies, will be found in each

The publication will be commenced in as short a time as the necessary preparation can be made.

Persons obtaining ten subscribers and sending us the money, will be entitled to one copy gratis. TERMS—Semi-weekly, per year, in advance, \$4 00 Weekly, per year, in advance.......\$2 00

Considering the high price of paper and other materials, the price of the paper is low, and we hope to receive a large subscription list. Will friends of the cause exert themselves to aid us?

Address: GEO.W.&JOS.B.LEWIS, Lexington Kentucky

LOUISVILLE NATIONAL

A DAILY NEWSPAPER To Represent and Advocate the views of Uncon

ditional Union Men.

STRICKLAND'S

ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE!!

Sa composition of astringents, absorbents, stim ulants and carminatives, which every physician acknowledges is the only preparation that will effect a permanent cure of Diarrhea and Dysenterry. This Anti-Cholera Mixture is now in use in several of our army hospitals where it gives the greatest satisfaction. It has saved the lives of thousands of our soldiers and citizens, and we will guarantee it to be the best remedy in the world for Diarrhea and Dysenterry.

Mr. Woods, of Covington, Ky., will be most happy to satisfy any one as to the virtue of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture; in fact we have a great number of testimonials from patients who have been cured after being pronounced incurable by their physicians, some after taking only one bottle of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. If you suffer with Diarrhea and Dysentery try one bottle.

SOLDIERS!

ditional Union Men.

RROM the inception of the rebellion, the genuics unit the addresses of the prominent politicians or in the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from the by the partial supply of loy

ployed must be varied, errors of judgment are unavoidable. We would not therefore, judge harshly of the means employed, whilst we see they are suggested by a sincere desire to re-establish the authority of the Government. In a word, we wish to teach that it is the paramount duty of the Government to preserve the Union by all the means recognized by civilized warfare. Rejoicing at every triumph of our arms, we desire to affiliate with those true Union more every sire to affiliate with those true Union menevery-where, who hope for, and look to the nation's success in the field—not to its defeat as the surest means of securing a lasting and honorable

The vote of the people of Kentucky, on every occasion—and their resolutions in their primary assemblies, far ahead of their politicians, far in advance of their press, are to us the surest guaration of their press, are to us the surest guaration of their press, are to us the surest guaration of their press, are to us the surest guaration of the people of Kentucky, on every semi-annual interest, semi-annual interest, c., semi-annua anty-that a majority are with us. The object of this paper is to give organization to that majority, and to develope into political action the convictions which, in their hearts the people cherish. Also, to take full advantage of the facilities at command to furnish its patrons with the current news, and to develope some important features of a Daily, that have not hitherto receiv-ed from the press here the prominence desirable in a mercantile community.

Without waiting for the new Press, Type, &c., ordered, the Publisher, depending upon his present resources, not inconsiderable, ventures to announce the appearance of the first number on Monday, April 18th, 1864.

L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main St., Louisville, Ky.



erned, until 1857, when I discontinued the trade. chanics B'k S'k, Phil, Pa. 20,000 24,000 00 ince that time Mr. A. G. Cammack has had the rade almost explusively, and recently expressing Co. S'k, Hartford, Conn., 50,000 71,000 00 perned, until 1857, when I discontinued the trade trade almost exclusively, and recently expressing a strong determination to retire from the business, and offering very reasonable inducements, J. Willie Graham and myself purchased his entire stock on hand, which, together with a fine assortment of CASES AND CASKETS, received since the



We have also concluded to manufacture and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of WOODEN COFFINS, of every size, price, and quality.

We are also prepared to offer special inducements to undertakers in or out of the city, either 200 Shares Nat'l Ex. Bank We have also concluded to manufacture and

ments to undertakers in or out of the city, either for Cases, Caskets, Wooden Coffins, and every description of Coffins trimmings, all of which we intend to keep and offer on reasonable terms.

Individuals or families can feel assured that all rders entrusted to us, will be a fomptly and care

Statement of the Condition



ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1864, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, 'an act to regulate Agen-cies of Foreign Insurance Companies,' approved 3d March. 1856.

THE name of the corporation is ÆTNA IN-SURANCE COMPANY, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The capital is TWO MILLION TWO HUN-DRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS,

-	DIVILD TITLE TITLE THE	DILL IN	20 0 22 22 22 22	100
	and is paid up.			9.0
-	ASSETS.	. hanne		
	Par	Value.	Market V	al.
	Real Estate unincumbered, .		\$87,963	18
	Cash or hand and in Bank,		72,022	48
	Cash in the hands of Ag'ts			
	and in transit,		124,273	40
•	Hartford, P. & F. Railroad,			
-	Mortgage Bonds, 7 per ct.,			
-	semi-annual interest,	44,000	44,000	00
f	Michigan Central R. R. Co.,			
	M'tgage Bonds, 8 per ct.,			
	semi-annual interest,	10,000	13,000	0.0
	Cleveland & P. A. Railroad,			3 1
	Mortgage Bonds, 7 pr. ct.			
	semi-annual interest,	3,500	4,025	00
	Cleveland & T. Railroad			
	(S. F.) Mortgage Bonds			011
e	7 per cent., semi annual			
1	interest,	25,000	29,000	00
t	Cleveland and Pittsburg,			. 11
e	R. R., [3d M't. Mortgage			34
-	Bonds, 7 per cent. semi-	0. 000	00 800	00
	Michigan S & N I P B	25,000	26,500	00

(G'l Mort.) M'tgage B'ds. 7 per cent., semi-annual interest,... Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R., (2d Mort.) M'tgage B'ds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest,.... P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad, (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual

R. R. Second Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent. semi-annual interest,..... Hartford & N. H. R. R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 p'rct., semi-annual interest,..... V. Y. Central Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 p'r ct., semi-annual interest,..... onn. River Railroad Ce., M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interes ittle Miami Railroad Co.,

10,000 10,600 00 M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,..... N. J. R. R., & Trans. Co., M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., 50,000 52,500 00 semi-annual interest, Vayne County, Michigan Bonds, 7 per cent. semiannual interest...... Rochester City Bonds, 7 pr. 25,000 25,000 00 cent., semi-annual int.,... Brooklyn City Bonds, (Wa

cent., semi-annual int.,... Hartford City Scrip. 6 p'r ct, semi annual interest,..... Town of Hartford Bonds, [1883 & 1888,] 6 per cent., annual interest,.......... New York City Bonds, 6 pr. 

1881, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest. Dnited States [5-20s.] Cou-pon Bonds 1882, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,. 169,000 172,380 00 onnecticut State Script, 6 per cent. semi annual interest, .... Connectic't State Stock, 6 pr. 50,000 52,500 00 ct., semi-annual interest, R. I. State Stock, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest, Ohio State Stock, 6 pr. cent. 50,000 50,000 00

10.000 - 11.000 00

76,000 50,920 00

23,410 22,239 50

50,000 110,000 00

30,000 33,600 00

1,250 00

5,000 00

5,000 00

1,800 00

11,500 00

10,700 16,050 00

20,000 21,600 00

5,000

5,000

5,000

1,800

20,000

30,000

semi-annual interest,..... Ky. State Stock, 6 per ct., 100,000 110,000 00 ct., semi-annual interest, N. J. State Stock, 6 per ct., semi annual interest, ct., semi-annual interest, Atlantic Dock Co., Mortg'e Bonds, 7 per cent., semi annual interest,..... tlantic Mutual Insurance Co., Serip, 1863, 1864,..... 600 Shares Hartford and N.

cester R. R. Co. Stock, ... 50 Shares Conn. River Co. Stock ... 50 Shares Citizens' B'k S'k, Waterbury, Conn.,........ 50 Shares Stafford B'nk S'k, Stafford Springs, Conn.,
3d Shares Eagle B'nk S'k,
Providence, R. I.,.......
200 Shares Revere B'nk S'k, 200 Shares Revere B'nk S'k,
Boston, Mass.,
100 Shares First National
Bank S'k, Boston, Mass.,
200 Shares B'k of the State
Mo. S'k, St. Louis, Mo...
100 Shares Merchants Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Merchants Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Merchants Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Farmers and Mechanics Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Farmers and Mechanics Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Merchants Bank
Stock, St. Louis, Mo...
200 Shares Farmers and Mechanics Bank

chanics Bank S'k, Hart Hartford, Conn...... 50 Shares State B'k Stock, ford County, Hartford,

Stock, Hartford, Conn.,... 100 Shares Charter Oak B'k Stock, Hartford, Conn Steek, Hartford, Conn...
400 Shares Am. Ex. B'k S'k,
N. Y. City,....
100 Shares B'k of Am. S'k,
N. Y. City,...
800 Shares Broadway Bank
S'k, N. Y. City,....

800 Shares Butchers & Drovers B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 20,000 25,000 00 100 Shares Hanover B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 10,000 10,700 00 10,500 Bares City B'k Stock, 10,000 15,000 00 22,000 00 10,000 10,500 00 30,000 33.000 00 13,500 00 00 Shares Market B'k S'k, 200 Shares Market B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 1200 Shares Mechanics B'k Stock, N. Y. City, 200 Shares Merchants Ex. 20,000 21,000 00 10,000 10,200 00 41.000 44.690 00 20,000 27,000 00 30,000 31,800 00 10,000 11,000 00 20,000 21,000 00 20,000 19,400 00 10,000 10,500 00

Total assets of Company, \$3,401,938 56 LIABILITIES. The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors,... Losses adjusted and due, ...... Losses adjusted and not due,... small, for printing, &c. 25,000 29,250 00 Total liabilities ...

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius J. Hendee, Secretary of the ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself says, that the foregoing is, a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in 18,000 18,360 00 Stocks and Bonds; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority 38,000 39,140 00 in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of the said Ætna Insurance Company.

THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.
LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Secretary.

Subscribed and swern to before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County of Hartford, State of Connecticut, this 2d day of July, 1864 this 2d day of July, 1864.
HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace. No. 20, Renewal.]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. FRANKFORT KY., July 2d, 1864. This is to certify, That DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent of the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford Conn., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it hav-ing been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an ac-tual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his 198,000 196,000 00 196

Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. In Testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.
W. T. SAMUELS, Auditor. August 8, 1864-354-tw&wtw.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county Kentucky, as a runaway slave, on the 27th day of July 1864, a negro girl, calling herself CALLEY. She is about 17 years old Says she belongs to John Helloway, of Knoxville Tennessee.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the

WM. CRAIK, J. F. C. July 28, 1864-1m-1648. Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington

& Frankfort Railroads. 

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN (stopping at all stations,) leaves Louisville at 4:20, P. M.
Leaves Frankfort at 5:00, A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 8:00, A. M.

June, 1864.

LLOYD HACKETT, J. P. F. C.

July 27, 1864.-349 tw&w3te

FRIEGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lex-ington Daily (Sundays excepted.) SAM'LL GILL, Sup't. Monday, March 28, 1864 .- tf

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

N and after Monday, Jan. 11, 1864, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as fol-

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:35 50,000 71,000 00 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stage for 53,680 00 New Castle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington, via rail and stage, for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab 33.750 00 Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Brank fort at 5:00 A. M., arrive at Louisville at 8:50, A. M., and will leave Louisville at 3:20 P. M. ar-

M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

12,800 00

12,400 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00

11,800 00 20,000 38,000 00

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by

PHULTED BILL DEADS. THE

5,473 50 JOB ROOMS 122,625 02 Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style

200 00 of the art, and at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

> LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS, FOR SALE

BOOKS. MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COUR OF APPEALS,

2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STA UTES OF KENTUCKY,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work,

LAWYER'S BRIEFS

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all ether kinds of Blanks,

July 28, 1864-1m-1648.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

On and after Monday, March 28. 1864

NAMEN UP, as a STRAY, by Harris Harrod, living in said county, on the Harvie Mill road, three miles east of Jacksonville, and the same distance from Pleasant Ridge meeting house, ONE DARK BROWN HORSE, sixteen hands high, four years old this spring, shoe on the right fore foct, small white spot on the right fore shoulder, with saddle, blanket and bridle on, when taken up. Appraised by me to One Hundred und Twenty-five Dollars, this 13th day of June, 1864.

July 27, 1864 .-- 349 tw&w3t\* Kentucky Central Kailroad!

HE most direct route from the interior of Ken-tucky, to all Eastern, Northern, and North-

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS Leave Lexington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 5:35 A. M. and 1:10 P. M. Leave Covington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at A. M. and 2 P. 3

ONE PASSENGER TRAIN Leaves Lexington for Nicholasville, daily, Sundays excepted) at 11:05 A. M. Leaves Nicholasville for Lexington, daily,

t. Louis, early the next morning. Nicholasville 12:20 p. M. Covington .....6:00 p. M. Nicholasville 12:20 p. M. Chicago ......9:00 A. M. 

having nicely

COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

August 8, 1860.

AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

1 vol. Price .....

In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and

BLANKS

printed on short notice and moderate terms ..

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county, on the 27th day of July, 1864, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself MARTHA Says that she belongs to

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

WILLIAM CRAIK, J. F. C.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, SCT.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1863-4.

western Cities and Towns. But one change

Sundays excepted) at 12:20 P. M.
Passengers can leave by the afternoon Train, and arrive at Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago, or

We are prepared to execute all kinds of